Kraków Applied Physics and Computer Science

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Getting to know the Nvidia Clara environment and analysis of federated learning opportunities with the help of a local instance.

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Project goals

• Searching for a comprehensive solution for the analysis of medical images (CT, MRI, x-ray, ultrasound etc.)

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- Speed and optimized alghoritms
- Working with multiply databases



From project goals to research & development

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- Searching for a comprehensive solution for the analysis of medical images (CT, MRI, x-ray, ultrasound etc.)
- Speed and optimized alghoritms
- Working with multiply databases



NVIDIA CLARA

NVIDIA Clara is a healthcare application framework for AI-powered imaging, genomics, and for the development and deployment of smart sensors. It includes full-stack GPU-accelerated libraries, SDKs and reference applications for developers, data scientists and researchers to create real-time, secure and scalable solutions.



NVIDIA CLARA



NVIDIA Clara application framework is ideal for healthcare application developers working in medical imaging or genomics.

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NVIDIA CLARA



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Data Formats in Healthcare

- DICOM Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine (DICOM) is the standard for the communication and management of medical imaging information and related data
- DICOM RTSTRUCT DICOM RT Structure Set ("RT" stands for radiotherapy
- NIFTI The Neuroimaging Informatics Technology Initiative (NIfTI) is an open file format commonly used to store brain imaging data obtained using Magnetic Resonance Imaging methods.

NIFI (default data format fo NVIDIA CLARA)

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If your native data format is different from **NIfTI** or if you want to convert the image and label mask to isotropic resolution, you can use the provided data converter or some other software of your choice, such as ITK-SNAP or directly in Python.

Federated learning



opportunities with the help of a local instance





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12 YEARS OF HEALTHCARE



Development - Data set

Lung CT Segmentation Challenge 2017

Each training dataset includes a set of DICOM CT image files and one DICOM RTSTRUCT file. Each training dataset is labeled as LCTSC-Train-Sx-yyy, with Sx (x=1,2,3) identifying the institution and yyy identifying the dataset ID in one institution. You may take advantage of this information to optimize your algorithm for testing data acquired from different institutions.

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| Collection Statistics | Updated 2019/05/08 |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| Modalities | CT, RT, RTSTRUCT |
| Number of Participants | 60 |
| Number of Studies | 60 |
| Number of Series | 120 |
| Number of Images | 9,593 |
| Image Size (GB) | 4.8 |

Development - Data set

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|--|--|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| 3DSlicer | | | | S |
| Help & Acknowledgeme | nt | | | |
| Active Volume 136141145 | 1952170144598106943890 | 850011666503487579262 | • | |
| Volume Information | | | | |
| Image Dimensions: | 512 | 512 | 130 | |
| Image Spacing: | 0.977mm 🗘 | 0.977mm 🗘 | 3.000mm 🗘 | B: 136141145195503487579262 |
| Image Origin: | 249.51171875mm 🗘 | -16.01146317mm 🗘 | -640.20001221mm 🗘 | R: 4.395mm |
| IIK to RAS Direction Matrix: | -1.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | |
| git to toto birection matrix. | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 | |
| | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | |
| | Center Volume | | | |
| Scan Order: | Axial IS | | | |
| Number of Scalars: | 1 | | | |
| Scalar Type: | short | | | |
| Scalar Range: | -1000 to 3017 | | | |
| Volume type: | Scalar | | | |
| File Name: | 262/CT/1361411451952170144598106943890850011666503487579262.nii.gz | | | gz |
| Window/Level Presets: | | | | B: 136141145195503487579262 B: 136141145195503487579262 |

Sample form data Lung CT Segmentation Challenge 2017

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Development - data preprocessing

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- Convert Dicom to NIFTI using software, packages/modules like **dicom2nifti** (python) or **data converter** for Clara Train SDK.
- In Data Converter input file can be format, can be .dcm, .nii, .nii.gz, .mha, .mhd.

nvmidl-dataconvert -d your/data/directory -r 1 -s .dcm -e .nii.gz -o your/output/directory

 All input images and labels must be in NIfTI format. Each input image and its corresponding label mask must have the same image dimension. To visualize or save NIfTI images, you can use free viewers such as ITK-SNAP or MITK.

Development - data preprocessing

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 If the data format is DICOM or the resolution is not isotropic, one can use the provided data converter tool to convert the data to isotropic NIfTI format.
 Furthermore, many pre-trained models were trained on 1x1x1mm resolution images, and to use those pre-trained models as a starting point, convert the data to 1x1x1mm NIfTI format

Development - preprocessing

- Dataset (in this case small dataset) 10 files (each with a lots of sample) from Lung CT Segmentation Challenge 2017 (circa 300Mb)
- Small dataset -> 70% train, 30% tests
- DICOM-structure for each catalog (filename 1-1.dcm)

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more about converting:



The first step for neuroimaging data analysis: DICOM to NIfTI conversion Author: Xiangrui Li,Paul S. Morgan,John Ashburner,Jolinda Smith,Christopher Rorden Publication: Journal of Neuroscience Methods Publisher: Elsevier Date: 1 May 2016

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Development - preprocessing

 The layout of data files can be arbitrary, but the JSON file describing the data list must contain the relative paths to all data files. For example, the datalist.json:

| (|
|------------------------------------|
| "train": [|
| |
| "image" : "train/im1.nii.gz", |
| "label" : "train/lb1.nii.gz" |
| }. |
| 1 |
| "image" : "train/im2.nii.gz". |
| "label" : "train/lb2.nii.gz" |
| 3. |
| í |
| "image" : "train/im3.nii.gz". |
| "label" : "train/lb3_nii gz" |
| } |
| |
| "image" · "train/im4_pii_gz" |
| "label" · "train/lh4_nii_gz" |
| aber - train/ib4.nii.gz |
| |
| l "imago" , "topin/imE pii gr" |
| "labol" , "train/lm5.nii.gz" |
| Taber : train/105.n11.gz |
| 10 |
| l "impop" : "topic/imf with an" |
| image": "train/im6.nll.gz", |
| "label" : "train/lb6.nll.gz" |
| |
| |
| "image": "train/im7.nii.gz", |
| "label" : "train/lb7.nii.gz" |
| 11 |
| l Hannes |
| "test": [|
| { |
| "image" : "val/im8.nii.gz", |
| "label" : "val/lb8.nii.gz" |
| }; |
| £ |
| "image" : "val/im9.nii.gz", |
| "label" : "val/lb9.nii.gz" |
| }, |
| |
| "image" : "val/im10.nii.gz", |
| "label" : "val/lb10.nii.gz" |
| }, |
| 1 |
| 3 |

Development - perspective

- running learning process (with preprocessed data, bigger than small dataset)
- prepare separated environment (like docker container) to run federated learning
- doing benchmarks with other solutions for this same data



Thank you!

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